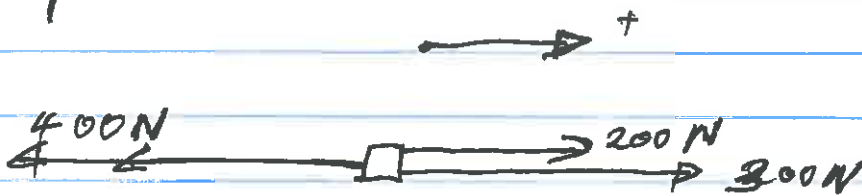


Example 3.1



$$F_r = \sum F = 200 + 300 - 400$$

$$F_r = +100 \text{ N}$$

from N_{II}: $F = ma$.

$$a = \frac{F}{m}$$

$$= \frac{100}{1200}$$

$$= 0.083 \text{ ms}^{-2}$$

Example

$$g_E = \frac{G M_E}{R_E^2} = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$$

$$M_p = 2 M_E$$

$$R_p = R_E^2$$

$$g_p = \frac{G M_p}{R_p^2}$$

$$g_p = \frac{G \cdot 2 M_E}{R_E^2}$$

$$g_p = 2 \frac{G M_E}{R_E^2}$$

$$\text{But } \frac{G M_E}{R_E^2} = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$$

$$g_p = 2 \cdot 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$$

$$\underline{g_p = 19.6 \text{ m s}^{-2}}$$

Example 3.2

$$R_E = 6.38 \times 10^6 \text{ m}, \quad G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ Nm}^2 \text{ kg}^{-1}$$

$$g = \frac{G M_E}{R_E^2}$$

$$g R_E^2 = G M_E$$

$$M_E = \frac{g R_E^2}{G}$$

$$= \frac{9.8 \times (6.38 \times 10^6)^2}{6.67 \times 10^{-11}}$$

$$\underline{= 5.98 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}}$$

Example 3.3

$$g = \frac{GM_E}{R^2}$$

$$R = R_E + 200\,000$$

$$= \frac{GM_E}{(R_E + 200\,000)^2}$$

$$= \frac{6.67 \times 10^{-11} \times 5.98 \times 10^{24}}{(6.38 \times 10^6 + 200\,000)^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{9.2 \text{ m s}^{-2}}$$

Example 3.4

$$F_r = N - W$$

From NTJ: $F_r = ma$

$$\therefore N - W = ma$$

$$N = ma + W$$

When $W = mg = 60 \times 9.8$
 $= 588 \text{ N}$

a) $a = 0 \Rightarrow N = m(0) + 588$
 $N = \underline{588 \text{ N}} \triangleright$

b) $a = 2 \text{ m s}^{-2} \Rightarrow N = 60 \times 2 + 588$
 $= 120 + 588 = \underline{708 \text{ N}} \triangleright$

c) $a = -2 \text{ m s}^{-2} \Rightarrow N = 60(-2) + 588 = \underline{468 \text{ N}} \triangleright$

d) $a = -9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2} \Rightarrow N = 60(-9.8) + 588$
 $= -588 + 588 = \underline{0 \text{ N}} \triangleright$